



SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF

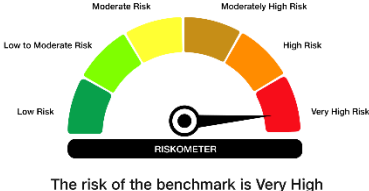
(An open-ended scheme replicating / tracking the Nifty 50 Index.)

Scrip Code: *Scrip Code for NSE/BSE will be added after listing of the units*

Name of Mutual Fund	: Jio BlackRock Mutual Fund (referred as 'JioBlackRock Mutual Fund')
Name of Asset Management Company	: Jio BlackRock Asset Management Private Limited (referred as 'JioBlackRock AMC')
Address of AMC	: Unit No. 1301, 13 th Floor, Altimus Building, Plot No. 130, Worli Estate, Pandurang Budhkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai – 400018, Maharashtra, India
Website of AMC	: www.jioblackrockamc.com
Name of Trustee Company	: Jio BlackRock Trustee Private Limited (referred as 'JioBlackRock Trustee')
Address of Trustee Company	: Unit No. 1301, 13 th Floor, Altimus Building, Plot No. 130, Worli Estate, Pandurang Budhkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai – 400018, Maharashtra, India.
Name of the Scheme	: JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF (An open-ended scheme replicating / tracking the Nifty 50 Index.)
Category of Scheme	: Exchange Traded Fund - Equity
Scheme Code	: JBMF/O/O/EET/26/07/0015
NFO open date	: August 04, 2026
NFO close date	: August 11, 2026
Scheme re-opens on:	: Within five business days of allotment date

As permitted by SEBI, NFO shall remain open for subscription for a minimum period of 3 (three) business days but not more than 15 calendar days. Any extension or change to the NFO dates will be subject to the requirement of NFO period not exceeding 15 calendar days. Any changes in dates of NFO will be published through notice on website of the AMC i.e. www.jioblackrockamc.com.

Offer for Sale of Units at Rs. 12.50 as on the date of allotment for applications received during the New Fund Offer ("NFO") period and at intra-day NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying securities (along with applicable charges) during the Ongoing Offer for applications directly received at AMC.

Investment objective	Scheme Risk-o-meter	Benchmark Risk-o-meter Nifty 50 Index (TRI)
JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF Passive investment in equity and equity related securities replicating the composition of Nifty 50 Index, subject to tracking errors. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.	 The risk of the scheme is Very High	 The risk of the benchmark is Very High

Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

The above product labelling assigned during the New Fund Offer (NFO) is based on an internal assessment of the Scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made.

Investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of JioBlackRock Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.jioblackrockamc.com.

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated July 27, 2026.

Stock Exchange Disclaimer Clause:

NSE Disclaimer

“As required, a copy of this Scheme Information Document has been submitted to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as NSE). NSE has given vide its letter no. NSE/LIST/6080 dated May 26 2026, permission to the Mutual Fund to use the Exchange's name in this Scheme Information Document as one of the stock exchanges on which the Mutual Fund's units are proposed to be listed subject to, the Mutual Fund fulfilling various criteria for listing. The Exchange has scrutinized this Scheme Information Document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to the Mutual Fund. It is to be distinctly understood that the aforesaid permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the Scheme Information Document has been cleared or approved by NSE; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Scheme Information document; nor does it warrant that the Mutual Fund's units will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of the Mutual Fund, its sponsors, its management or any scheme of the Mutual Fund.

Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquire any units of the Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription /acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or any other reason whatsoever."

BSE Disclaimer

BSE Limited ("the Exchange") has given vide its letter dated May 27, 2026, permission to Jio BlackRock Mutual Fund to use the Exchange's name in this SID as one of the Stock Exchanges on which this Mutual Fund's Unit are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this SID for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to Jio BlackRock Mutual Fund. The Exchange does not in any manner:

- warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this SID; or
- warrant that this scheme's unit will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or
- take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Mutual Fund, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Mutual Fund;

And it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this SID has been cleared or approved by the Exchange. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any unit of JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF of this Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever"

HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Benchmark (TRI)	Nifty 50 Index Given that the scheme's objective is to invest in securities that constitute the Nifty 50 Index, it is most appropriate to have the index as the benchmark for comparing the performance. The benchmark is also referred to as “Underlying Index” in this document.
II.	Plans and Options Plans/ Options and sub options under the Scheme	The Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment. The AMC may introduce further Plan/s and Option/s in future, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations.
III.	Load Structure	Exit load: Nil Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the AMC reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure on the Units subscribed/redeemed on any Business Day. At the time of changing the load structure, the AMC / Mutual Fund may adopt the following procedure: - The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to Scheme Information Document. - Arrangements will be made to display the addendum in the Scheme Information Document in the form of a notice in all the investor service centres. - The introduction of the exit load along with the details will be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and will also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load. - A public notice shall be provided on the website of the AMC in respect of such changes. - Any other measures which the mutual fund may feel necessary. As per Reg 44(4) of SEBI Mutual Funds Regulations, 2026, the exit load of the Scheme shall not exceed three per cent of the Net Asset Value of the Scheme. The AMC reserves the right to modify the Exit Load/Fee mentioned above at any time in future on a prospective basis, subject to the limits prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
IV.	Minimum Application Amount/ switch in	<u>During NFO:</u> Minimum Application Amount (Lumpsum): Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereof. Units will be allotted in whole figures and the amount for the fractional units will be refunded. <u>On a continuous basis:</u> On the Stock Exchange(s): All categories of investors may buy/sell the Units of the ETF through NSE and BSE on which the units of the ETF are proposed

		to be listed, on any trading day in round lot of One (1) Units and multiples thereof at the prevailing listed price. Directly from the Mutual Fund: • Market maker (MM) / Authorized Participants (AP) - MM/AP can directly purchase/redeem units with the Fund on all business days in “Creation Unit Size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges). The limit of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time is not applicable for Market Makers. • Large Investor(s): Large Investor can directly purchase / redeem from the Fund on all business days in “Creation unit size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges), subject to the value of transaction being greater than the threshold of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. The purchase of Units of the Scheme in Creation Unit Size will be allowed both by means of exchange of Portfolio Deposit and by cash. Additionally, transaction handling charges, if any, will have to be borne by Authorised Participants / Market Makers, Large Investors. Note: Allotment of units will be done after deduction of applicable stamp duty and statutory levies. Further, as the units will be allotted in lot size of 1 unit, the balance amount, if any, shall be refunded to the investor. Creation unit size: 2,40,000 Units and multiples thereof. The Creation Unit size may be changed by the AMC at their discretion and the notice of the same shall be published on website of the Mutual Fund. The Creation Unit is made up of 2 components i.e. Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component. The Portfolio Deposit will be determined by the Fund as per the weights of each security in the Underlying Index. The value of this Portfolio Deposit may change due to change in prices during the day. No switch-in requests will be accepted under the Scheme.
V.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	On continuous basis: On the Stock Exchange(s): Investors may buy the Units of the ETF through NSE and BSE on which the units of the ETF are proposed to be listed, on any trading day in round lot of One(1) Units and multiples thereof at the prevailing listed price. Directly from the Mutual Fund • Market maker (MM) / Authorized Participants (AP) - MM/AP can directly purchase units with the Fund on all business days in “Creation Unit Size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges). The limit of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time is not applicable for Market Makers. • Large Investor(s): Investor who directly purchase from the Fund on all business days in “Creation unit size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges),

		subject to the value of transaction being greater than the threshold of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. The AMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the terms of minimum purchase / redemption amount provision offered under the Scheme of the Fund.
VI.	Minimum Redemption / switch out amount	On continuous basis: On the Stock Exchange(s): Investors may sell the Units of the ETF through NSE and BSE on which the units of the ETF are proposed to be listed, on any trading day in round lot of One (1) Units and multiples thereof at the prevailing listed price. Directly from the Mutual Fund: • Market maker (MM) / Authorized Participants (AP) - MM/AP can directly redeem units with the Fund on all business days in “Creation Unit Size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges). The limit of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time is not applicable for Market Makers. • Large Investor(s): Investor who directly redeem from the Fund on all business days in “Creation unit size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges), subject to the value of transaction being greater than the threshold of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. The redemption of Units of the Scheme in Creation Unit Size will be allowed both by means of exchange of Portfolio Deposit and by cash. Additionally, transaction handling charges, if any, will have to be borne by Authorised Participants / Market Makers, Large Investors. Redemption of units directly with the Mutual Fund (other than Market Maker / Authorized Participants): Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETFs, for transactions of upto Rs. 25 Crores without any exit load, in case of the following scenarios: - Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or - No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or - Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days. Under these circumstances, investors, as specified above, can redeem units of the Scheme directly with the fund house without any exit load. Applications received from investors for redemption up to 3.00 p.m. on any trading day, shall be processed at the closing NAV of the day. The above instances shall be tracked by the AMC on a continuous basis and in case if any of the above mentioned scenario arises, the same will be disclosed on the website of AMC. Switch out: Not available.

VII.	Tracking Error	Not Available since this is a new Scheme. The tracking error i.e. the annualized standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between the underlying index or goods and the NAV of the Scheme, based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure, which are beyond the control of the AMC, the tracking error may exceed 2% and the same will be intimated to the Trustees with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any. The Scheme shall disclose the tracking error based on past one year rolling data, on a daily basis, on the website of AMC and AMFI.															
VIII.	Tracking Difference	Not Available since this is a new Scheme. Tracking difference i.e. the annualized difference of daily returns between the index or goods and the NAV of the Scheme will be disclosed on the website of the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis, for tenures 1 year, 3 years, 5 years, 10 years and since the date of allotment of units. This would be applicable after the Scheme completes one year since inception.															
IX.	Computation of NAV	The NAV of units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below: $\begin{aligned} & \text{NAV (Rs.)} \\ & \text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments} + \\ & \text{Current Assets including Accrued Income} - \\ & = \frac{\text{Current Liabilities and Provision including accrued expenses}}{\text{No. of units outstanding under the scheme on the Valuation Day}} \end{aligned}$ The NAV of the Scheme would be calculated up to four decimal places and would be declared on each business day. For the detailed disclosure, please refer to the following link: https://www.jioblackrockamc.com/nav.															
X.	Asset Allocation	This Scheme tracks the Nifty 50 Index. Under normal circumstances, the indicative asset allocation shall be as follows: <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Instruments</th><th colspan="2">Indicative allocations (% total assets)</th></tr><tr><th>Minimum</th><th>Maximum</th></tr><tr><td>Equity and equity related securities of companies comprising the Nifty 50 Index</td><td>95%</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Debt and Money Market Instruments (Including units of Mutual Funds)</td><td>0%</td><td>5%</td></tr></table> Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars) <table><tr><th>Sl. No</th><th>Type of Instrument</th><th>Percentage of exposure</th><th>Circular References</th></tr></table>	Instruments	Indicative allocations (% total assets)		Minimum	Maximum	Equity and equity related securities of companies comprising the Nifty 50 Index	95%	100%	Debt and Money Market Instruments (Including units of Mutual Funds)	0%	5%	Sl. No	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular References
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		1	Securities Lending	a. Upto 20% of the net assets b. Upto 5% of the net assets at single intermediary i.e. broker level	Clause 13.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026
		2	Equity Derivatives (Non-hedging)	Upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme	Clause 8.5, 8.6 and 13.15 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026
		3	Mutual Fund Units	The Scheme may invest in units of debt and money market schemes of JioBlackRock Mutual Fund and/or any other mutual fund subject to the overall limit of upto 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.	Clause 3 of Sixth Schedule of SEBI Mutual Fund Regulation and Clause 13.14 of Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026
		4	Repo/Reverse Repo in Corporate Debt Securities	Upto 5% of the net assets of the Scheme	Clause 13.8 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026
		5	Tri-party Repo on Government Securities or Treasury Bills	Upto 5% of the net assets The exposure to TREPS may exceed the limit at the time of building up the portfolio of the Scheme post New Fund Offer and also pending deployment of new inflows received in the Scheme on an ongoing basis or on account of any adverse market situation	-
		6	Short Term Deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks	Upto 15% of net assets of all scheduled commercial banks put together and up to 10% of net assets in single scheduled commercial bank. Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme.	Clause 13.7 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026
The Scheme will not invest / engage in the following:					

Sl. No.	Type of Instrument
1	Debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements;
2	Debt Derivatives;
3	Overseas Securities;
4	Credit Default Swaps;
5	Short Selling;
6	Securitized Debt;
7	Units of Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs);
8	Unlisted debt instrument;
9	Unrated debt and money market instruments (except G-Secs, T-Bills and other money market instruments);
10	Bespoke or complex debt products;
11	Securities with special features (AT1 and AT2 Bonds);
12	Inter scheme transactions;

- As per Clause 13.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, as amended from time to time, the Scheme may engage in securities lending subject to a maximum of 20% in aggregate, of the net assets of the Scheme and 5% of the net assets of the Scheme in the case of a single intermediary.
- As per Clause 8.5, 8.6 and 13.15 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, investment in Equity Derivatives shall be upto 20% of net assets of the Scheme for non-hedging purpose.
- As per Clause 3 of the Sixth Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 read with Clause 13.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the Scheme may invest in debt and money market scheme(s) under the same AMC or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all Schemes under the same AMC or in Schemes under the management of any other asset management shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mutual Fund. Further, the Scheme shall not invest in any fund of funds scheme.
- In line with Clause 13.8.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the investment in Repo / Reverse Repo in Corporate debt securities (listed AA and above rated corporate debt securities and Commercial Papers (CPs) and Certificate of Deposits (CDs)) shall be up to 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- The Scheme may invest in Tri-party Repo on Government Securities or Treasury Bills upto 5% of the net assets of the Scheme. The

		exposure to TREPS may exceed the limit at the time of building up the portfolio of the Scheme post New Fund Offer and also pending deployment of new inflows received in the Scheme on an ongoing basis or on account of any adverse market situation. • Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme as stated above, the funds of the Scheme may be invested in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with Clause 13.7 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026. • The Fund Manager would monitor the Tracking Error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize the Tracking Error. Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall endeavor that the Tracking Error of the Scheme based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. There can be no assurance or guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of Tracking Error relative to performance of the underlying index. • Tracking Difference shall be targeted to be 50 bps (over and above actual TER charged). In case the same is not maintained, it will be brought to the notice of Trustees along with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any. • In line with para 7.24.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026; deployment of the funds garnered in an NFO shall be made within 30 business days from the date of allotment of units. In an exceptional case, if the AMC is not able to deploy the funds in 30 business days, reasons in writing, including details of efforts taken to deploy the funds, shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee, after examining the root cause for delay, may extend the timeline by 30 business days. In case the funds are not deployed as per the asset allocation mentioned above and as per the aforesaid mandated plus extended timelines, the AMC shall comply with the provisions mentioned under clause (f) of para 7.24.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026. Portfolio Concentration Norms: In accordance with para 4.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, as amended from time to time, the underlying index shall comply with the portfolio concentration norms as prescribed. Short Term Defensive Considerations: Subject to SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, the investment pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the Fund Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the investors. As per clause 1.9.1(b) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, as may be amended from time to time, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive consideration only. Such changes in the investment pattern will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days from the date of
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	deviation and further action may be taken as specified by SEBI/AMFI from time to time. Portfolio Rebalancing: Pursuant to para 4.5.5. of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, in case of change in constituents of the index due to periodic review, the portfolio of the Scheme will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days, or such other timeline as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. Further, any transactions undertaken in the portfolio of the Scheme in order to meet the redemption and subscription obligations shall be done ensuring that post such transactions replication of the portfolio with the index is maintained at all points of time. Calculation of Cumulative Gross Exposure The cumulative gross exposure through equity, equity derivatives, debt and money market instruments, units of mutual fund, repo/ reverse repo transactions and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme as per Clause 13.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026. Pursuant to clause 13.18.6.(a) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026 read with SEBI Letter No. SEBI/HO/ IMD-II/DOF3/OW/P/2021/31487/1 dated November 3, 2021, cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Cash Equivalent shall consist of the following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days: a) Government Securities; b) T-Bills; and c) Repo on Government securities. Numerical Example of Risk Involved Index Futures: Example (For illustration purpose only) a) Spot Index: 1070 1 month Nifty Future Price on day 1: 1075 Scheme buys 1000 lots Each lot has a nominal value equivalent to 200 units of the underlying index Let us say that on the date of settlement, the future price = Closing spot price = 1085 Profits for the Scheme = $(1085-1075) * 1000 \text{ lots} * 200 = \text{Rs. } 20,00,000$ b) Spot Index: 1070 1 month Nifty Future Price on day 1: 1075 Scheme buys 1000 lots Each lot has a nominal value equivalent to 200 units of the underlying index Let us say that on the date of settlement, the future price = Closing spot price = 1065 Loss for the Scheme = $(1065-1075) * 1000 \text{ lots} * 200 = - \text{Rs. } 20,00,000$
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		The net impact for the scheme will be in terms of the difference between the closing price of the index and cost price (ignoring margins for the sake of simplicity). Thus, it is clear from the example that the profit or loss for the scheme will be the difference of the closing price (which can be higher or lower than the purchase price) and the purchase price. The risks associated with index futures are similar to the one with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and hence mispricing of the future at the time of purchase. Disclosure Related to the extent and manner of participation in Derivatives The Scheme may take an exposure to equity derivatives of underlying index (stock/ index futures) for short duration when securities of the index are unavailable, insufficient or for rebalancing at the time of change in index or in case of corporate actions, as permitted subject to rebalancing within 7 calendar days (or as specified by SEBI from time to time). The exposure of the Scheme in equity derivative instruments shall be up to 20% (for non-hedging) of the net assets of the Scheme.								
XI.	Fund manager details	Name: Ms. Tanvi Kacheria Managing since: Inception Total experience: Over 14 years Name: Mr. Anand Shah Managing since: Inception Total experience: Over 23 Years Name: Mr. Haresh Mehta Managing since: Inception Total experience: Over 18 years								
XII.	Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses	Actual TER – Not applicable as this is a new Scheme. For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.								
XIII.	Transaction charges and stamp duty	No transaction charges will be levied on the investor. A stamp duty at the rate of 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on applicable mutual fund investment transactions such as purchases (including IDCW reinvestment, as applicable). Transfer of mutual fund units (such as transfers between demat accounts, etc.) are subject to payment of stamp duty @ 0.015%. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time. For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.								
XIV.	Information available through weblink	<table><tr><td>Liquidity / listing details</td><td rowspan="7">www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure</td></tr><tr><td>NAV disclosure</td></tr><tr><td>Applicable timelines for dispatch of redemption proceeds etc.</td></tr><tr><td>Breakup of Annual Scheme Recurring expenses</td></tr><tr><td>Definitions</td></tr><tr><td>Applicable risk factors</td></tr><tr><td>Detailed disclosures regarding the index, index eligibility criteria,</td></tr></table>	Liquidity / listing details	www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure	NAV disclosure	Applicable timelines for dispatch of redemption proceeds etc.	Breakup of Annual Scheme Recurring expenses	Definitions	Applicable risk factors	Detailed disclosures regarding the index, index eligibility criteria,
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Detailed disclosures regarding the index, index eligibility criteria,										

		methodology, index service provider, index constituents, impact cost of the constituents/ underlying fund in case of fund of funds List of official points of acceptance Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations Investor services Portfolio Disclosure Detailed comparative table of the existing schemes of AMC Scheme performance Periodic Disclosures Any disclosure in terms of Consolidated Checklist on Standard Observations Scheme specific disclosures Scheme Factsheet	
XV.	How to Apply	Investors can undertake transactions in the schemes of JioBlackRock Mutual Fund either through physical, online / electronic mode or any other mode as may be prescribed from time to time. Physical Transactions For subscription / redemption, application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the AMC / RTA or downloaded from the website of the AMC (www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure). Online / Electronic Transactions Investors can undertake transactions via electronic mode through various online facilities offered by JioBlackRock AMC / other platforms specified by AMC from time to time. During the New Fund Offer (NFO) period, investors have the option to apply through the Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) facility. Investors will be required to submit the ASBA form to the respective banks, which in turn will block the amount in their account as per the authority contained in the ASBA form. ASBA applications can be submitted only at Self-Certified Syndicate Banks (SCSBs) at their designated branches. The list of SCSBs and their designated branches shall be displayed on the SEBI's website (www.sebi.gov.in). The ASBA form should not be submitted at locations other than SCSBs as it will not be processed. For details on the ASBA process, please refer to the ASBA application form. For modes available on ongoing basis for subscribing and redeeming the units of the Scheme in addition to above, kindly refer details in sections above “minimum application amount/ minimum redemption amount” For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.	
XVI.	Where applications can for	During NFO :	

subscription / redemption / switches be submitted	Investors can submit the duly filled application forms at any Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of JioBlackRock AMC. The list of OPAs is available on AMC website (www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure). It is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications for subscription or redemption of units of the Scheme. If the investor fails to provide the bank mandate, the request for redemption would be considered as not valid and the Scheme retains the right to withhold the redemption until a proper bank mandate is furnished. Any provision with respect to penal interest in such cases will not be applicable. AMC and RTA branches Investors may submit their applications at any branches of JioBlackRock AMC. The updated list of AMC branches is available on AMC website (www.jioblackrockamc.com). Investors can also submit their applications at the Registrar's - Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) branches. The updated list of CAMS branches is available on CAMS website (www.camsonline.com). JioBlackRock AMC Website and Mobile App Investor can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through our website (www.jioblackrockamc.com) or our mobile app by downloading from the Google Play Store or Apple Store. CAMS (RTA) Website and Mobile App Investor can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme through the website of CAMS (www.camsonline.com), or through their mobile app (myCAMS) by downloading from the google play store or apple store. Stock Exchanges Investors can also subscribe to the Units of the Scheme on BSE StAR MF Platform, MFSS and NSE NMF II. MF Utilities (MFU) Investors may purchase units of the Plan(s) under the Scheme through MFU. All financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of JioBlackRock Mutual Fund can also be submitted through MFU either electronically or physically through the authorized Points of Service ("POS") of MFU. The list of POS of MFU is published on the website of MFU at www.mfuindia.com and may be updated from time to time. MFCentral Investor can also submit their applications through MFCentral, a unified platform for mutual fund transactions and services. The servers including email servers (maintained at various locations) of AMC, CAMS, and the servers of any other service provider/transaction platform with whom the AMC has tied up for this purpose will be the official point of
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		acceptance for all online / electronic transactions mentioned above. For the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, the time when the request for purchase / sale / switch of units is received in the servers of AMC/ RTA or service provider/ transaction platform as mentioned above, shall be considered. Channel Partners / Execution Only Platforms (EOP): In addition to the existing Official Point of Acceptance of transactions, the server(s) of CAMS, shall be an OPA for electronic transactions received from the Channel Partners / EOP with whom the AMC has entered or may enter specific arrangements for all financial transactions relating to the units of mutual fund schemes. For modes available on ongoing basis for subscribing and redeeming the units of the Scheme in addition to above, kindly refer details in sections above “minimum application amount/ minimum redemption amount” On continuous basis: On the Stock Exchange(s): All categories of investors may buy/sell the Units of the ETF through NSE and BSE on which the units of the ETF are proposed to be listed, on any trading day in round lot of One (1) Units and multiples thereof at the prevailing listed price. Directly from the Mutual Fund: • Market maker (MM) / Authorized Participants (AP) - MM/AP can directly purchase/redeem units with the Fund on all business days in “Creation Unit Size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges). The limit of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time is not applicable for Market Makers. • Large Investor(s): Large Investor can directly purchase / redeem from the Fund on all business days in “Creation unit size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges), subject to the value of transaction being greater than the threshold of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. For detailed disclosure, kindly refer SAI.
XVII	Specific attribute of the Scheme (such as lock-in / duration in case of target maturity scheme / close-ended schemes etc.)	Not Applicable as the Scheme is an open ended Exchange Traded Fund.

XVIII.	Special product facility available during the NFO and on an ongoing basis	Presently, the Scheme does not offer any special products such as Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan, Systematic Withdrawal Plan, etc. The Mutual Fund will offer ASBA facility during the NFO period only.
XIX.	Segregated portfolio / side pocketing disclosure	Pursuant to clause 5.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the AMC has the provision to create segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments under certain circumstances. Kindly refer SAI for more details.
XX.	Stock lending	The Scheme will not engage in short selling of securities. Pursuant to clause 13.6 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the Scheme may engage in securities lending in accordance with the framework specified by SEBI. Kindly refer to SAI for more details.
XXI.	Nomination	For details on nomination, kindly refer SAI.

Notes:

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustees on April 28, 2026.

The Trustees have ensured that JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF approved by them is a new product offered by JioBlackRock Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 2026 and the guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of JioBlackRock AMC

Sd/-

Siddharth Swaminathan
Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: July 27, 2026

Liquidity / listing details

The Scheme is an open-ended scheme. The units are proposed to be listed on Stock Exchanges i.e. NSE and BSE to provide liquidity through the secondary market. The units of the Scheme can be bought / sold on all trading days on the NSE and/or BSE or any other stock exchange where the Scheme is proposed to be listed.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to delist the Units of the Scheme from a particular stock exchange provided the Units are listed on at least one stock exchange.

Directly from the Mutual Fund

- **Market maker (MM) / Authorized Participants (AP)** - MM/AP can directly purchase/redeem units with the Fund on all business days in “Creation Unit Size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges). The limit of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time is not applicable for Market Makers.
- **Large Investor(s):** Investor who directly purchase / redeem from the Fund on all business days in “Creation unit size” at intraday NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges), subject to the value of transaction being greater than the threshold of ₹ 25 crores or such other amount as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.
- **Minimum number of units (Creation units)-** 2,40,000 Units and multiples thereof. The Creation Unit size may be changed by the AMC at their discretion and the notice of the same shall be published on website of the Mutual Fund.

The AMC will appoint atleast two Market Maker(s) who are members of the Stock Exchanges or such other persons as permitted by SEBI to act as Market Makers, to provide for the liquidity in secondary market on an ongoing basis. The Market Maker(s) would offer two-way quotes (buy and sell quotes) in the secondary market for ensuring liquidity in the Units of the Scheme. Further, the AMC reserves the right to modify Market Makers on an ongoing basis.

Redemption of units directly with the Mutual Fund (other than Market Maker / Authorized Participants):

Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETFs, for transactions of upto Rs. 25 Crores without any exit load, in case of the following scenarios:

- i. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or
- ii. No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or
- iii. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

Under these circumstances, investors, as specified above, can redeem units of the Scheme directly with the fund house without any exit load. Applications received from investors for redemption up to 3.00 p.m. on any trading day, shall be processed at the closing NAV of the day. The above instances shall be tracked by the AMC on a continuous basis and in case if any of the above mentioned scenario arises, the same will be disclosed on the website of AMC.

NAV disclosure

NAV Disclosure Timings:

The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV of the Scheme up to four decimal places within a period of 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently, the AMC will calculate and disclose the NAVs on all business days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on website of the Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and on the website of AMC (<https://www.jioblackrockamc.com/nav>) by 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day. NAVs shall be available at all centres for acceptance of transactions. NAVs shall also be made available at all Investor Service Centres and the contact number of the AMC i.e. Contact Centre no.: +91 22-35207700 & +91 22-69987700 during business hours

If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons for the delay and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Indicative NAV for Nity 50 ETF: Indicative NAV (iNAV) is the 'per unit NAV' based on the current market value of Scheme's portfolio during the trading hours of the ETF. iNAV shall be disclosed on the website of the Fund and Stock Exchange (s) i.e. NSE and BSE, where the units of the ETF will be listed and traded during the trading hours. The iNAV shall be disclosed within a maximum time lag of 15 seconds from underlying market. iNAV will not have any bearing on the creation or redemption of units directly with the Fund by the Market Makers/AP/Large Investors.

For transactions by Market Makers / large investors directly with the AMCs, intra-day NAV based on the executed price at which the securities representing the underlying index are purchased / sold will be applicable.

Computation of NAV :

The NAV of the units of the Scheme would be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of outstanding units on the valuation date. The AMC shall value the investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in the SEBI (MF) Regulations. All expenses and incomes accrued up to the valuation date shall be considered for computation of NAV. The NAV of the Scheme would be calculated up to four decimal places and would be declared on each business day.

NAV of units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

$$NAV = \frac{\text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's Investments} + \text{Current Assets including Accrued Income} - \text{Current Liabilities and Provisions including Accrued Expenses}}{\text{No. of Units Outstanding Under the Scheme}}$$

Illustration on computation of NAV:

If the net assets of the Scheme are Rs. 10,55,55,000.00 and units outstanding are 1,00,00,000 then the NAV per unit will be computed as follows:

$$10,55,55,000.00 / 1,00,00,000 = \text{Rs. } 10.5555 \text{ per unit (up to four decimals)}$$

Methodology of calculating the sale price:

The price or NAV an investor is charged while investing in an open-ended scheme is called sale / subscription price. Pursuant to para 11.7.1 of the SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investors.

$$\text{Sale / Subscription Price} = \text{Applicable NAV}$$

Methodology of calculating the repurchase price:

Repurchase or redemption price is the price or NAV at which an open-ended scheme purchases or redeems its units from the investors. It may include exit load, if applicable. The exit load, if any, shall be charged as a percentage of Net Asset Value (NAV); i.e., applicable load as a percentage of NAV will be deducted from the applicable NAV to calculate the repurchase price.

$$\text{Repurchase / Redemption Price} = \text{Applicable NAV} * (1 - \text{Exit Load, if any})$$

For example, if the applicable NAV of the scheme is Rs. 10 and the exit load applicable at the time of investment is 1% if redeemed before completion of 1 year from the date of allotment of units and the investor redeems units before completion of 1 year, then the repurchase / redemption price will be:

$$\text{Redemption Price} = \text{Rs. } 10 * (1 - 0.01) = \text{Rs. } 9.90$$

The repurchase price will not be lower than 97% of the NAV.

For other details such as policies w.r.t. computation of NAV, rounding off, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc., please refer to the SAI.

Applicable timelines

Dispatch of redemption proceeds

Redemption proceeds shall be transferred within 3 business days from the date of the redemption request. In case of delay beyond 3 business days, the AMC is liable to pay interest to the investors at the rate of 15% per annum. However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide its communication no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEMCOR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023 read with clause 15.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the redemption or repurchase proceeds will be transferred to investors within the timeframe prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.

Dispatch of IDCW

The Scheme is currently not offering IDCW option.

However, the said option may be introduced at later date.

Breakup of Annual Scheme Recurring expenses

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include investment management and advisory fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and transfer agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below.

Total Expense Ratio = Base Expense Ratio (BER) + Brokerage Cost + Transaction Cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade + Statutory levies (including GST)

The AMC has estimated that up to 0.90% of the daily net assets of the Scheme will be charged to the Scheme as expenses on an annualized basis. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the following link: <https://www.jioblackrockamc.com/ter>

Expense Head	% p.a. of Daily Net Assets (Estimated p.a.)
Investment Management & Advisory Fee	Up to 0.90%
Audit fees / fees and expenses of trustees ³	
Custodial Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements/ IDCW/ redemption cheques/ warrants	
Marketing & Selling Expenses including fees, commission and charges towards distribution of mutual fund	
Costs related to investor communications	
Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost towards investor education, awareness and financial inclusion ¹	
Brokerage & Transaction cost pertaining to execution of trade ²	
Cost of statutory advertisements	
Other Expenses (as specified as per Reg 66 of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026)	
Maximum Base expenses ratio (BER) permissible under Regulation 66	Up to 0.90%
Statutory levies (including GST) on all expenses excluding brokerage and transaction cost ⁴	GST at 18% or any other rate as may be levied from time to time on the taxable amount. Additionally, levies such as Stamp Duty, STT, CTT, etc. charged on transaction value of securities at the prescribed rates. (These figures are calculated based on actuals and then annualised accordingly for daily disclosure of TER.)
Statutory levies (including GST) on brokerage and transaction cost ⁴	Levies such as GST, etc. charged on brokerage and various transaction cost at prescribed rates. (These figures are calculated based on actuals and then annualised accordingly for daily disclosure of TER.)

¹ Investor Education and Awareness initiatives: As per clause 20.5.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the AMC shall annually set apart 5% of total BER charged to direct plans, subject to maximum of 0.5 basis points of AUM within the maximum base expense ratio limits prescribed

under Regulation 66(7) of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026 for focused investor education and awareness towards promoting passive funds, distinct from AMFI's general investor education initiatives.

²Additional Expenses under Regulation 66: The Scheme may charge expense incurred towards brokerage, for the purpose of execution of trade, over and above the base expense ratio subject to a maximum of 0.06 per cent of trade value in case of cash market transactions and 0.02 per cent of trade value in case of derivatives transactions. Expense charged towards brokerage, over and above the specified limit, shall be part of the base expense ratio limit specified under sub-regulation (7) of regulation 66 of SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026.

Pursuant to Regulation 66 (10), Transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of a trade shall mean regulatory levies and any other expenses charged by the stock exchanges, clearing corporation, and clearing house, as applicable. Such transaction costs shall not form part of the base expense ratio.

³ *Trusteeship Fees:*

Trustee Fees will be ascertained and payable in the manner at the rate as may be decided by the Trustee Board from time to time, within the overall limits of the regulatory BER.

⁴Statutory levy (clause yy of sub regulation 1 of Regulation 2) means levy imposed by state government and central government.

The total expenses (excluding brokerage & transaction cost and statutory levies) charged to the scheme shall not exceed the limits stated in Regulation 66 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026 and as permitted under SEBI Circulars issued from time to time.

All scheme related expenses by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the AMC, its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route. Provided that the expenses that are very small in value but high in volume may be paid out of AMC's books. Such expenses can be paid out of AMC's books at actuals or not exceeding 2 bps of respective scheme AUM, whichever is lower.

The AMC would update the notice of change in base expense ratio (BER) on the website – www.jioblackrockamc.com/ter at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change and update the TER under the Section titled "Statutory Disclosures" under sub-section titled "Total Expense Ratio".

The purpose of the above table is to assist the Investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an Investor in the Plan(s) under the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. The figures in the table above are estimates. The actual expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI (MF) Regulations

Illustration

Impact of Expense Ratio on Scheme's return: To further illustrate the above in rupees terms, for the scheme under reference, suppose an investor invested Rs. 10,000/- (after deduction of stamp duty and statutory levies, if any) the impact of expenses charged will be as under:

Particulars	Amount/Rate
Amount invested at the beginning of the year (INR)	10,000
Returns before expenses (INR)	1,500
Expenses other than Distribution expenses (INR)	50
Distribution expenses (INR)	-
Returns after expenses at the end of the year (INR)	1450
Returns (in %)	14.50%

Note(s):

- The purpose of the above illustration is purely to explain the impact of expense ratio charged under the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year.
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to seek appropriate advice.

The Total Expense Ratio (TER) for last 6 months shall be made available to the investors on the website of the AMC at <https://www.jioblackrockamc.com/ter>.

The Scheme factsheet shall be made available to the investors on the website of the AMC at www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure.

Definitions: www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure

Risk factors:

a) Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rate of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the scheme can go up or down depending on various factors and forces affecting capital markets.
- Past performance of the Sponsor (s)/ AMC/ Mutual Fund does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme.
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate its quality or its future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor(s) are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1 lakh each made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- The present Scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme.

Please refer SAI for details.

b) Scheme Specific Risk Factors:**Market Risk and Performance of Underlying Index:**

The Scheme tracks the performance of Nifty 50 Total Return Index. The performance of the fund is directly linked to the performance of the underlying index. There is no guarantee that the Scheme will achieve its investment objective. Market conditions can result in negative returns, and the fund may not always be profitable. As the Scheme is designed to invest at least 95% of its net assets in the securities of the Underlying Index, in the same proportion, the performance of the Underlying Index will directly influence the Scheme's performance. Consequently, the Scheme may be impacted by a general downturn in the Indian markets linked to its Underlying Index. The Scheme invests in the securities included in the Underlying Index without considering their individual investment potential.

Passive Investments:

The Scheme is not actively managed and may be affected by a general decline in the Indian markets relating to its Underlying Index. The Scheme invests in the securities included in its Underlying Index regardless of their investment merit. The AMC does not attempt to individually select stocks or to take defensive positions in declining markets. Further, it is pertinent to note that there is no element of research recommendations involved before the execution of trades in the Scheme. The decision of the Fund Manager to execute trades including rebalancing required will be purely driven by the inflows and outflows in the Scheme and composition of the Underlying Index.

Risk factors associated with investing in equities and equity-related instruments:

- The equity markets and derivative markets are volatile and the value of securities, derivative contracts and other instruments correlated with the equity markets may fluctuate dramatically from day to day. This volatility may cause the value of investment in the Scheme to decrease.
- While securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, the ability to sell these investments is limited by the overall trading volume on the stock exchanges and may lead to the Scheme incurring losses till the security is finally sold.
- Scheme's performance may differ from the benchmark index to the extent of the investments held in the debt segment, as per the investment pattern indicated under normal circumstances.
- The Scheme may periodically invest in derivative securities e.g. when a stock(s) is entering/exiting the benchmark index. However, the Scheme will not use derivative instruments for speculative purposes or to leverage its net assets. There may be a cost attached to buying index futures or other derivative instrument. Further there could be an element of settlement risk, which could be different from the risk in settling physical shares.
- Dividend is due only when declared and there is no assurance that a company (even though it may have a track record of payment of dividend in the past) may continue paying dividend in future. As such, the Schemes are vulnerable to instances where investments in securities may not earn dividend or where lesser dividend is declared by a company in subsequent years in which investments are made by the Scheme. As the profitability of companies are likely to vary and have a material bearing on their ability to declare and pay dividend, the performance of the schemes may be adversely affected due to such factors.
- Changes in Government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to securities transactions and mutual funds may impact the returns to investors in the Schemes or business prospects of the company in any particular sector.

Risk associated with Exchange Traded Fund:

- a) Absence of Prior Active Market: Although the units of ETFs are listed on the Stock Exchange for trading, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained.
- b) Lack of Market Liquidity: Trading in units of ETFs on the Stock Exchange on which it is listed may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the concerned Stock Exchange or Market Regulator, trading in the ETF Units is inadvisable. In addition, trading in the units of ETFs is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to 'circuit breaker' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the concerned Stock Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the units of ETFs will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
- c) Units of Exchange Traded Funds May Trade at Prices Other than NAV: Units of Exchange Traded Funds may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of Units of Exchange Traded Funds may fluctuate with changes in the market value of a Scheme's holdings. The trading prices of units of ETF will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAVs as well as market supply and demand. However, given that ETFs can be created / redeemed in Creation Units, directly with the fund, large discounts or premiums to the NAVs will not sustain due to arbitrage possibility available.
- d) Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the Exchange or SEBI may affect the ability of market maker to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV. Although JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF is proposed to be listed on Exchange, the AMC and the Trustees will not be liable for delay in listing of Units of the Scheme on Exchange / or due to connectivity problems with the depositories due to the occurrence of any event beyond their control.
- e) Political Risks: Whereas the Indian market was formerly restrictive, a process of deregulation has been taking place over recent years. This process has involved removal of trade barriers and protectionist measures, which could adversely affect the value of investments. It is possible that the future changes in the Indian political situation, including political, social or economic instability, diplomatic developments and changes in laws and regulations could have an effect on the value of investments. Expropriation, confiscatory taxation or other relevant developments could affect the value of investments.
- f) Right to Limit Redemptions: The Trustee, in the general interest of the unit holders of the Scheme offered under this Scheme Information Document and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units which can be redeemed on any Business Day depending on the total "Saleable Underlying Stock" available with the fund.
- g) Redemption Risk: The Unit Holders may note that even though this is an open ended scheme, the Scheme would ordinarily repurchase Units in Creation Unit size. Thus, unit holdings less than the Creation Unit size can normally only be sold through the secondary market unless no quotes are available on the Exchange for 3 trading days consecutively.
- h) Asset Class Risk: The returns from the types of securities in which a Scheme invests may underperform returns from the various general securities markets or different asset classes. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under performance in comparison of the general securities markets.

Volatility and Economic Risks:

The value of investments in the Scheme may fluctuate due to various factors, including price and volume volatility in the equity markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, and broader economic and political developments. Changes in government policies, taxation laws, or regulations by appropriate authorities may

also impact the scheme's performance. The NAV of the Scheme can rise or fall in response to these factors, and investors should be prepared for potential fluctuations in their investment value.

Liquidity Risks and Trading Volumes:

Trading volumes, settlement periods, and transfer procedures may limit the liquidity of the investments held by the Scheme. Different segments of the financial markets have varying settlement periods, and unforeseen circumstances could extend these periods, leading to delays in the receipt of proceeds from the sale of securities. Additionally, the absence of a well-developed and liquid secondary market for certain securities may restrict the scheme's ability to execute transactions, potentially causing the scheme to miss investment opportunities or realize losses.

At times, the Scheme may face a large number of redemption requests, which could lead to an asset-liability mismatch. This situation may force the investment manager to undertake a distress sale of securities, resulting in a realignment of the portfolio and potentially leading to investments in more liquid instruments which may be lower yielding.

Stock Liquidity in the Event of Circuit Filter

The liquidity of stocks available only in the cash segment, and not in the F&O segment, can be negatively impacted when a circuit filter is imposed by any stock exchange. This situation may lead to gains or losses for existing investors once the purchase or sale of that stock is eventually executed. Such circumstances can also contribute to tracking error when comparing the Scheme's returns with its benchmark.

Subscription (Upper Circuit):

The Scheme will purchase stocks according to the basket allocation when no circuit is imposed.

If a circuit filter is triggered on any stock(s) in the basket:

1. The Scheme will hold cash for the stock(s) on circuit at the last available price on the stock exchange when the circuit was triggered.
2. The stock(s) will be purchased immediately when the circuit opens.

This process may impact performance and result in tracking error.

Redemption (Lower Circuit):

The Scheme will sell stocks according to the basket allocation if no circuit is imposed.

If a circuit filter is triggered on any stock(s) in the basket:

1. The Scheme will pay from cash or cash equivalents or create cash by selling other stocks at the last available price on the stock exchange when the circuit was triggered. This action may impact performance and result in tracking error.
2. The stock(s) will be sold immediately when the circuit opens, and the portfolio will be rebalanced, which may also impact performance and result in tracking error.

Concentration Risk:

The Scheme's portfolio is concentrated in the securities constituting the Nifty 50 Index. The performance of the Scheme may be adversely affected if there is an underperformance of one or more securities or sectors that form a significant part of the index. Sector-specific or stock-specific risks are higher in such a

concentrated portfolio, and any negative developments in those sectors or stocks could lead to significant declines in the NAV of the Scheme.

Index Tracking Error:

The Fund Manager may not be able to invest the entire corpus in the exact proportions of the Underlying Index due to various factors such as the Scheme's fees and expenses, corporate actions, cash balances, changes to the Underlying Index, and regulatory policies. These factors could affect the AMC's ability to closely match the performance of the Scheme with that of its Underlying Index. As a result, the Scheme's returns may deviate from those of the Underlying Index.

'Tracking Error' is defined as the standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between the Scheme and the Underlying Index, annualized over a one-year period.

'Tracking Difference' is defined as the annualized difference of returns between the NAV of the Scheme and the underlying index.

Tracking Error and Tracking Difference may arise due to several factors, including but not limited to:

- a) The expenses incurred by the Scheme.
- b) Holding cash positions and accrued income before distributing income or paying accrued expenses. The Scheme may not always be fully invested, as it may retain some funds in cash to meet redemptions or for corporate actions.
- c) Temporary halts in securities trading due to circuit filters.
- d) Corporate actions such as debenture or warrant conversions, rights issues, mergers, or changes in index constituents.
- e) Rounding off the quantity of shares in the Underlying Index.
- f) Dividends received from underlying securities.
- g) Disinvestments by the Scheme to meet redemptions, recurring expenses, etc.
- h) Execution of large buy/sell orders.
- i) Transaction costs (including taxes and insurance premiums), recurring expenses, and other costs, such as brokerage, custody, trustee, and investment management fees.
- j) Realization of Investors' funds.
- k) The Scheme may be unable to acquire or sell the desired number of securities due to market conditions, such as circuit filters, liquidity, and volatility in security prices.
- l) The Index reflects the prices of securities at a specific point in time, typically at the close of business on the BSE/National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). However, the Scheme may trade these securities at different times during the trading session, leading to prices that may not match the closing price on the BSE/NSE. Additionally, the Scheme may choose to trade the same securities on different exchanges due to price or liquidity factors, which could result in traded prices differing from BSE/NSE closing prices.
- m) When investing in derivatives like index futures, the risk-reward profile is similar to investing in a portfolio of shares representing an index. However, buying an index future may involve additional costs. Furthermore, there is a settlement risk that differs from settling physical shares, along with risks related to the liquidity and depth of the relatively new index futures market.

The Fund Manager would monitor the Tracking Error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize the Tracking Error. Under normal circumstances, the AMC shall endeavor that the Tracking Error of the Scheme based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. There can be no assurance or

guarantee that the Scheme will achieve any particular level of Tracking Error relative to performance of the underlying Index.

Tracking Difference shall be targeted to be 50 bps (over and above actual TER charged). In case the same is not maintained, it shall be brought to the notice of trustees along with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any.

Taxation Risks:

The Trustees, AMC, Fund, their directors, or their employees shall not be liable for any tax consequences that may arise in the event that the scheme is wound up for reasons specified in the Scheme Information Document (SID) and Statement of Additional Information (SAI). Investors should be aware that changes in the fundamental attributes of the scheme or other factors leading to redemption by the investor may entail tax consequences. The Trustees, AMC, Fund, their directors, or their employees shall not be responsible for any tax implications arising from such actions. Furthermore, tax benefits described in the SAI and SID are based on the current taxation laws, which may change. Investors should consult their tax advisors, as the tax position prevailing at the time of investment may not endure indefinitely.

Redemption by the investor, whether due to a change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme or for any other reason, may have tax implications. The Trustees, AMC, Fund, their directors, or employees shall not be held liable for any tax consequences that may arise from such redemptions.

Derivative Risk:

The AMC, on behalf of the Scheme, may use various derivative products from time to time to protect the portfolio's value and enhance Investors' interests.

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor / Investor. Execution of investment strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager(s) to identify such opportunities which may not be available at all times. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager(s) involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager(s) may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager(s) will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

Effective use of derivatives requires an understanding of both the underlying instrument and the derivative itself. Additional risks include the potential for mispricing or improper valuation and the possibility that derivatives may not perfectly correlate with underlying assets, rates, and indices.

- a) **Leverage Risk:** Derivative products are leveraged instruments, meaning they can lead to disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses. The success of such strategies depends on the fund manager's ability to identify and capitalize on opportunities. However, the identification and execution of these strategies involve uncertainty, and the fund manager's decisions may not always result in profits. There is no assurance that the fund manager will successfully identify or execute these strategies.
- b) **Risk Comparison:** The risks associated with the use of derivatives are distinct from, and may be greater than, those associated with direct investment in securities and other traditional investments.
- c) **Credit Risk:** In derivative transactions, the credit risk is the possibility that the counterparty will default on its obligations. This risk is generally low, as derivative transactions typically do not involve an exchange of principal amounts.

- d) **Market Risk:** Adverse market movements can negatively impact the pricing and settlement of derivatives.
- e) **Illiquidity Risk:** This risk arises when a derivative cannot be sold or purchased quickly at a fair price due to a lack of market liquidity.

Risk Factors associated with investments in Debt Securities and Money Market Securities

- a) The Scheme will invest in money market instruments, which are subject to credit risk, interest rate risk, and settlement risk. Credit risk arises from the possibility that the issuer of a security may default on its payment obligations. Interest rate risk affects the valuation of money market instruments, while settlement risk may delay the realization of proceeds from the sale of these instruments.
- b) The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme, to the extent that it is invested in Debt and Money Market instruments, will be influenced by changes in general interest rates. A decrease in interest rates is expected to lead to an increase in the NAV, while an increase in interest rates would adversely affect the NAV.
- c) While money market instruments are relatively liquid, they lack a well-developed secondary market, which may limit the Scheme's ability to sell these instruments and could result in losses until the securities are eventually sold.

Investments in Debt and Money Market instruments are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet interest and principal payments on its obligations and market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer. Other factors that may also adversely affect an issuer's credit quality and the value of its securities include changes in the issuer's financial condition, as well as broader economic and political changes. The Investment Manager will attempt to manage credit risk through in-house credit analysis.

- d) **Prepayment Risk:** Some fixed-income securities give the issuer the right to call back the securities before their maturity date, particularly in periods of declining interest rates. This prepayment risk may force the Scheme to reinvest the proceeds at lower yields, resulting in reduced interest income.
- e) **Reinvestment Risk:** This risk pertains to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. The concern is that these cash flows may need to be reinvested at a lower rate than originally anticipated, thereby reducing the "interest on interest" component of returns.
- f) **Settlement Risk:** Different segments of the Indian financial markets have varying settlement periods, which may be extended due to unforeseen circumstances. Settlement delays could lead to periods where the Scheme's assets are uninvested, resulting in no returns. Additionally, the Scheme may miss certain investment opportunities if it is unable to make intended securities purchases due to settlement issues. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio due to a lack of a well-developed and liquid secondary market for debt securities could result in potential losses if the value of these securities declines.
- g) Government securities are subject to price risk like other fixed-income securities. Generally, when interest rates rise, the prices of fixed-income securities fall, and when interest rates drop, prices increase. The extent of this price fluctuation depends on the existing coupon, the time to maturity, and changes in interest rates. While local-currency denominated Government Securities are not exposed to credit risk, their prices are primarily influenced by movements in interest rates within the financial system.
- h) **Interest Rate movement (Basis Risk):** The underlying benchmark of a floating rate security or a swap might become less active or may cease to exist and thus may not be able to capture the exact interest rate movements, leading to loss of value of the portfolio.
- i) **Spread movement (Spread Risk):** In a floating rate security, the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security, this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.

- j) **Liquidity Risk:** The liquidity of a bond may change, depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium attached to the price of the bond. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid, leading to loss in value of the portfolio.
- k) Investing in lower-rated securities that offer higher yields, as well as zero coupon securities with attractive yields, can increase the overall risk of the portfolio. Zero coupon securities do not provide periodic interest payments to the holder, making them more sensitive to changes in interest rates. Consequently, the interest rate risk associated with zero coupon securities is higher. The scheme may choose to invest in zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields, which may further increase the portfolio's risk.

Legal and Regulatory Risks

Changes in laws, regulations, or accounting standards governing the scheme's operations could have adverse implications for the scheme and its investors. Regulatory actions, legal disputes, or changes in taxation could also affect the scheme's performance, NAV, and the investors' returns.

Risks Associated with Securities Lending

There are risks inherent in securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary to comply with the terms of the agreement. Such failure can result in a possible loss of rights to the collateral, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the Scheme and the possible loss of any benefit accruing thereon. Additionally, the Scheme may face temporary illiquidity and loss of investment opportunities if it is unable to sell the lent-out securities in timely manner.

Risks Associated with Investing in Other Mutual Fund Schemes

Investing in other mutual funds involves risks, including the potential impact of fluctuations in the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the underlying funds on the Scheme's performance. Changes in the investment strategies, objectives, or fundamental attributes of these funds can also affect the performance of the Scheme. Additionally, any redemptions from these funds may be subject to exit loads, which could further impact returns. Furthermore, the underlying funds may carry specific risks related to their own portfolios, such as market, credit, or liquidity risks, which may indirectly affect the Scheme's overall risk profile.

Risks Associated with Repo Transactions in Corporate Debt Securities

Settlement Risk: Corporate Bond Repo will be settled between two counterparties in the OTC segment unlike in the case of TREPS transactions where CCIL stands as central counterparty on all transactions (no settlement risk).

Quality of collateral: The Mutual Fund will be exposed to credit risk on the underlying collateral - downward migration of rating. The Mutual Fund will impose adequate haircut on the collateral to cushion against any diminution in the value of the collateral. Collateral will require to be rated AAA or equivalent.

Liquidity of collateral: In the event of default by the counterparty, the Mutual Fund would have recourse to recover its investments by selling the collateral in the market. If the underlying collateral is illiquid, then the Mutual Fund may incur an impact cost at the time of sale (lower price realization).

Risk factors associated with investment in Tri-Party Repo

All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of

the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL).

As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio

Investors should be aware that while the creation of a segregated portfolio is intended to isolate distressed or illiquid assets in exceptional situations such as credit events or issuer defaults, it comes with its own set of risks

1. **Limited Liquidity:** Units in a segregated portfolio may have limited liquidity, as they are typically not available for subscription or redemption. Investors holding such units may face difficulties in exiting their investments until the underlying assets are recovered or resolved.
2. **Valuation Uncertainty:** The valuation of assets in a segregated portfolio may fluctuate due to their illiquid or distressed nature. As a result, the NAV of the segregated portfolio may be highly volatile, and there is no assurance that the portfolio will recover its full value over time.
3. **Recovery Risk:** There is no guarantee that the segregated assets will recover their value or that any recovery will occur within a specified timeframe. In certain cases, the realization of value may take an extended period, or there may be no recovery at all, resulting in potential losses for investors.
4. **Credit and Default Risk:** Segregated portfolios are typically created in response to credit events or issuer defaults. As such, the assets in the portfolio may continue to carry a high degree of credit risk, including the possibility of further downgrades, defaults, or adverse actions affecting the underlying securities.
5. **Market and Legal Risks:** The resolution of segregated portfolio assets may be influenced by legal, regulatory, or market conditions. Unfavorable changes in the legal environment or prolonged market disruptions may further delay or reduce the recovery of the segregated assets.

Risk mitigation strategies:

As listed above, investments in equity securities are subject to several risks e.g. volatility risk, liquidity risk, concentration risk, market risk. The investment team shall endeavour to mitigate the risks faced by investors using several risk mitigation strategies centred around risk detection and risk control.

The Scheme aims to track the Nifty 50 Index (TRI) before expenses. The index will be tracked on a regular basis and changes to the constituents or their weights, if any, will be replicated in the underlying portfolio with the purpose of minimizing tracking errors.

The Scheme being a passive investment carries lesser risk as compared to active fund management. The portfolio would follow the index and therefore the level of stock concentration in the portfolio and its volatility would be the same as that of the index, subject to tracking errors.

The risk mitigation strategy revolves around reducing the tracking error to the least possible through regular rebalancing of the portfolio, taking into account the change in weights of stocks in the Underlying Index as well as the incremental inflows into / redemptions from the scheme.

The strategies for risk management to mitigate various risks are listed below: **with Equity Investments**

Risk	Risk Mitigation Strategy
Market Risk The Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the Scheme, which could have a material bearing on the overall returns from the scheme. The value of the underlying Scheme investments, may be affected generally by factors affecting securities markets, such as price and volume, volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, changes in policies of the Government, taxation laws or any other appropriate authority policies and other political and economic developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors including equity and debt market.	Market risk is a risk which is inherent to an equity scheme. Being a passively managed scheme, it will invest in the securities included in its Underlying Index.
Liquidity risk The liquidity of a security may change depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium linked to the price of the security. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid leading to loss in the value of the portfolio.	The Scheme being a passively managed fund will invest substantially in the constituents of underlying index in the same Proportion.
Volatility risk The equity markets and derivative markets are volatile and the value of securities, derivative contracts and other instruments correlated with the equity markets may fluctuate dramatically from day to day. This volatility may cause the value of investment in the Scheme to decrease.	Over 95% of the scheme will invest in securities in line with the Nifty 50 Index and will thus have a similar volatility profile as the index. The volatility of the debt & money market portion of the portfolio will be controlled by diversification.
Derivative risk As and when the Scheme trades in the derivatives market there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives since derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analyses different from those associated with stocks and bond	The investment managers will invest only in exchange traded derivatives and the investment shall be in line with guidelines and regulatory limits as specified by regulators & scheme documents. No investment will be made in OTC derivative contracts for equity derivatives.

Risk	Risk Mitigation Strategy
Concentration risk The risk of the scheme investing heavily in a particular sector, asset class, or a small number of companies. If that specific area underperforms, the fund's value can suffer disproportionately.	Over 95% of the scheme will invest in securities in line with the Nifty 50 Index and will thus have a similar concentration profile as the index. The concentration of the debt & money market portion of the portfolio will be controlled by diversification.
Tracking error risk The risk of scheme not being able to invest the entire corpus exactly in the same proportion as per index.	The fund manager will aim to maintain a low tracking error, which under normal conditions is expected to remain within 2% per annum for daily 12-month rolling returns. However, tracking error may exceed this limit due to corporate actions, such as dividends from underlying securities or rights issues, and market events like circuit filters, volatility during portfolio rebalancing, or abnormal market conditions. In such cases, the breach will be communicated to the Trustees, and corrective actions will be taken as necessary.

Risk associated with debt investment

Risk	Risk Mitigation Strategy
Market Risk/Interest Rate Risk As with all debt securities, changes in interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-Term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby to possible movements in the NAV.	In a rising interest rate scenario, the Scheme may increase its investment in money market securities whereas if the interest rates are expected to fall, the allocation to debt securities with longer maturity may be increased thereby mitigating risk to that extent.
Credit risk Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e., will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security).	Credit risk shall be mitigated by investing in rated papers of the companies having the sound background, strong fundamentals, and quality of management and financial strength of the company.
Liquidity risk This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM).	The Scheme may invest in government securities, corporate bonds and money market instruments. While the liquidity risk for government securities, money market instruments and short maturity corporate bonds may be low, it may be high in case of medium to long maturity corporate bonds.
Reinvestment risk This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Schemes are reinvested. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.	Reinvestment risk will only apply to the small portion of the portfolio made up of coupon payments from debt instruments, thus limiting its overall impact.

While the above measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

Index methodology:

Index service provider: NSE Indices Limited

Disclosures regarding the index

The Nifty 50 index is a well-diversified 50 companies index reflecting overall market conditions. Nifty 50 Index is computed using free float market capitalization method.

Index Methodology

Eligibility Criteria for Selection of Constituent Stocks:

- i. Market impact cost is the best measure of the liquidity of a stock. It accurately reflects the costs faced when actually trading an index. For a stock to qualify for possible inclusion into the Nifty50, have traded at an average impact cost of 0.50% or less during the last six months for 90% of the observations, for the basket size of Rs. 100 Million.
- ii. Companies that are allowed to trade in F&O segment are only eligible to be constituent of the index.
- iii. The Company should have a minimum listing history of 1 month as on the cutoff date.

Index Re-Balancing

Index is re-balanced on semi-annual basis. The cut-off date is January 31 and July 31 of each year, i.e. For semi-annual review of indices, average data for six months ending the cut-off date is considered. Four weeks prior notice is given to market from the date of change.

Index Constituents and Impact Cost as on July 13, 2026

Sr. No.	Security Name	Weightage	Impact Cost
1	ADANI ENTERPRISES LTD	0.8%	0.02
2	ADANI PORTS AND SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE LTD	1.2%	0.03
3	APOLLO HOSPITALS ENTERPRISE LTD	0.8%	0.01
4	ASIAN PAINTS LTD	1.1%	0.02
5	AXIS BANK LTD	3.4%	0.02
6	BAJAJ AUTO LTD	1.0%	0.03
7	BAJAJ FINANCE LTD	2.5%	0.02
8	BAJAJ FINSERV LTD	1.0%	0.03
9	BHARAT ELECTRONICS LTD	1.3%	0.02
10	BHARTI AIRTEL LTD	5.3%	0.02
11	CIPLA LTD	0.7%	0.02
12	COAL INDIA LTD	0.9%	0.03
13	DR REDDYS LABORATORIES LTD	0.7%	0.02
14	EICHER MOTORS LTD	0.9%	0.01
15	ETERNAL LTD	1.9%	0.03
16	GRASIM INDUSTRIES LTD	1.1%	0.02
17	HCL TECHNOLOGIES LTD	1.1%	0.03
18	HDFC BANK LTD	11.4%	0.01

Sr. No.	Security Name	Weightage	Impact Cost
19	HDFC LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LTD	0.6%	0.02
20	HINDALCO INDUSTRIES LTD	1.3%	0.02
21	HINDUSTAN UNILEVER LTD	1.7%	0.02
22	ICICI BANK LTD	9.1%	0.02
23	INFOSYS LTD	3.4%	0.02
24	INTERGLOBE AVIATION LTD	1.1%	0.03
25	ITC LTD	2.5%	0.02
26	JIO FINANCIAL SERVICES LTD	0.7%	0.03
27	JSW STEEL LTD	1.1%	0.03
28	KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD	2.5%	0.02
29	LARSEN AND TOUBRO LTD	4.2%	0.02
30	MAHINDRA AND MAHINDRA LTD	2.5%	0.01
31	MARUTI SUZUKI INDIA LTD	1.6%	0.02
32	MAX HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE LTD	0.7%	0.03
33	NESTLE INDIA LTD	0.9%	0.03
34	NTPC LTD	1.5%	0.03
35	OIL AND NATURAL GAS LTD	0.9%	0.02
36	POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD	1.2%	0.03
37	RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD	8.0%	0.01
38	SBI LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LTD	0.8%	0.03
39	SHRIRAM FINANCE LTD	1.3%	0.02
40	STATE BANK OF INDIA	3.9%	0.01
41	SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES LTD	1.8%	0.02
42	TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES LTD	1.9%	0.02
43	TATA CONSUMER PRODUCTS LTD	0.7%	0.02
44	TATA MOTORS PASSENGER VEHICLES LTD	0.6%	0.02
45	TATA STEEL LTD	1.4%	0.02
46	TECH MAHINDRA LTD	0.8%	0.03
47	TITAN COMPANY LTD	1.7%	0.02
48	TRENT LTD	0.9%	0.02
49	ULTRATECH CEMENT LTD	1.3%	0.03
50	WIPRO LTD	0.5%	0.02

As per para 4.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the underlying index shall comply with the below restrictions:

- A. The index shall have a minimum of 10 stocks as its constituents.
- B. No single stock shall have more than 25% weight in the index.
- C. The weightage of the top three constituents of the index, cumulatively shall not be more than 65% of the Index.

- D. The individual constituent of the index shall have a trading frequency greater than or equal to 80% and an average impact cost of 1% or less over the previous six months.

Accordingly, the underlying Index shall ensure that such index complies with the aforesaid norms.

Further, on a quarterly basis index will be screened by stock exchanges for compliance with the portfolio concentration norms for ETFs/ Index Funds as specified in para 4.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026. In case of non-compliance, suitable corrective measures will be taken to ensure compliance with the norms.

List of official points of acceptance: www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure

Penalties, pending litigation or proceedings, findings of inspections or investigations for which action may have been taken or is in the process of being taken by any regulatory authority:
www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure

Investor services

Contact details for general service requests:

- Post feedback / suggestions on our website www.jioblackrockamc.com
- Investors may call at: +91 22-35207700 & +91 22-69987700 during business hours
- Email: service@jioblackrockamc.com

Contact details for complaint resolution:

Mr. Manish Kanchan – Investor Relations Officer

Address: JioBlackRock Asset Management Private Limited, Unit No.: 1301, 13th Floor, Altimus Building, Plot No. 130, Worli Estate, Pandurang Budhkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai – 400018, Maharashtra, India

For any grievances with respect to transactions through NSE/BSE, the Investor should approach the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange.

MFU Customer Care: For transactions related to MFU, Investors may contact the customer care of MFU on 022-71791111 (business hours on all days except Sunday and Public Holidays) or can raise a query or lodge a complaint by selecting the 'Help & Support' option on www.mfuindia.com.

Portfolio disclosure

Portfolio shall be disclosed (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month / quarter within 10 calendar days from the close of each month / quarter. Portfolio shall be disclosed on AMC website www.jioblackrockamc.com and on AMFI website www.amfiindia.com. Portfolio shall be disclosed in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. Portfolio shall also be sent by e-mail to all investors by the AMC / Mutual Fund. Physical copy of the scheme portfolio shall be provided to investors on receipt of specific request from the investor, without charging any cost.

Portfolio turnover rate (times) and policy: As the Scheme will follow a passive investment strategy the endeavor will be to minimize portfolio turnover subject to the exigencies and needs of the scheme. Generally, as the scheme is open-ended, turnover will be confined to rebalancing of portfolio on account of new subscriptions, redemptions and change in the composition of the Nifty 50 Index. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

A higher churning of the portfolio could attract high transactions of the nature of brokerage, custody charges etc.

Portfolio turnover ratio: Not available as this is a new scheme.

Disclosure on Risk-o-meters

In accordance with para 6.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Mutual Funds/AMCs shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all their schemes on their respective website [www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure] and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month. Further, any change in risk-o-meter and / or risk-o-meter of its benchmark shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to investors of that scheme.

Disclosure on Scheme Summary Document (SSD)

A Scheme Summary Document (SSD) of the Scheme which contains details such as Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratio etc. will be made available on the website of the AMC www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure and AMFI www.amfiindia.com.

Detailed comparative table of existing schemes of the AMC

This is the first equity ETF scheme being launched by JioBlackRock Mutual Fund

Scheme performance

Not applicable as this is a new scheme.

Periodic disclosures such as half-yearly results, annual report:

Half Yearly Financial Results

The AMC / Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on March 31 and on September 30, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on the AMC website www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure in a user-friendly, downloadable and machine readable format. The unaudited financial results would be displayed on AMC website www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure and AMFI website www.amfiindia.com.

Annual Report

Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be mailed to all Investors whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund within four months from the date of closure of the relevant financial year i.e. 31st March each year.

The annual report, in a machine-readable format, would be displayed on the website of the AMC www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure and AMFI website www.amfiindia.com. The physical copy of the scheme-wise annual report or abridged summary shall be made available to the investors at the registered office of the AMC.

Issuer/Group/Sector Disclosure

The Scheme shall disclose the following as a percentage of NAV of the scheme, on monthly basis:

- i. Name and exposure to top 7 issuers and stocks respectively

- ii. Name and exposure to top 7 groups.
- iii. Name and exposure to top 4 sectors.

Any change in constituents of the index, if any, shall be disclosed on the AMC website.

Refer to AMC website - Not available as this is a new scheme.

Scheme Specific Disclosures

Portfolio rebalancing

Short Term Defensive Considerations – Portfolio to be rebalanced within 7 calendar days from the date of deviation.

Portfolio Rebalancing - In case of change in constituents of the index due to periodic review, portfolio to be rebalanced within 7 calendar days or such other timeline as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

For the detailed disclosure, please refer to the SAI.

Disclosure w.r.t. investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
		Units	NAV per unit	
1.	Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s)			
Not Applicable				

The above disclosures are not applicable since this Scheme is a new scheme.

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.

Investments of AMC in the Scheme

The above disclosures are not applicable since this Scheme is a new scheme.

Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the sponsors and investment companies managed by them, their associate companies, subsidiaries and affiliates of the sponsors, the funds managed by associates and/or the AMC may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme. Accordingly, redemption of units held by such funds, associates and sponsors may have an adverse impact on the units of the scheme because the timing of such redemption may impact the ability of other unitholders to redeem their units.

The AMC is not required to invest as per Regulation 22(3)(a) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 2026, based on the risk associated with the scheme as specified in SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026 read with AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular 135/BP/100/2022-23 dated April 26, 2022 and any other circulars issued there under, from time to time.

The AMC may invest in the Scheme subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Under the Regulations, the AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory services fee on its own investment in the Scheme.

For detailed disclosure, please refer to the SAI. The investors can also refer to the investments made by the AMC in the Scheme on the website of the Company at www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure.

Taxation

For details on taxation, please refer to the Section ‘Taxation on Investing in Mutual Funds’ in the SAI.

Associate transactions

For detailed disclosure, please refer to the SAI.

Listing and transfer of units

An investor can buy/sell Units on a continuous basis on the NSE and/or BSE on which the Units are proposed to be listed during the trading hours like any other publicly traded stock. The price of the Units in the market will depend on demand and supply at that point of time. The minimum number of Units that can be bought or sold through the Stock Exchange is 1 (one) Unit. The Mutual Fund may at its sole discretion list the Units of the Scheme on any other recognized Stock Exchange(s) at a later date. The Scheme may suspend the listing / delist Units of the Scheme for trading from any of the stock exchanges provided the Units are listed on atleast one stock exchange. The AMC engages Market Makers for creating liquidity for the Scheme on the Stock Exchange(s) so that investors are able to buy or redeem Units on the Stock Exchange(s) using the services of a stock broker.

Transfer of Units:

As the units of the Scheme will be issued in demat form, the units can be transferred in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 as may be amended from time to time and as stated in Clause 15.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective Depository Participant.

For further details, please refer to the SAI.

Dematerialization of units

The units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized form. Application without relevant details will be liable to be rejected.

The applicants would be required to have a beneficiary account with a depository participant of the NSDL / CDSL and would be required to mention in the application form the DP's name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing units during the NFO.

For further details, please refer to the SAI.

Minimum Target amount

This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.

Ongoing NFO	Minimum Target Amount
JioBlackRock Nifty 50 ETF	INR 5,00,00,000 (Rupees 5 Crores)

Maximum Amount to be raised

Not Applicable

Dividend policy (IDCW)

The Scheme is currently not offering IDCW option.

However, the said option may be introduced at later date.

Allotment (detailed procedure)

All applicants whose monies towards purchase of units have been realised by the Mutual Fund on or before the allotment date will receive a full and firm allotment of units in their demat account within 5 business days, provided also that the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. Any application for subscription of units may be rejected if found invalid or incomplete.

For applicants applying through 'APPLICATIONS SUPPORTED BY BLOCKED AMOUNT (ASBA)', during NFO under the Demat mode, on or before allotment, the amount will be unblocked in their respective bank accounts and account will be debited only to the extent required to pay for allotment of units applied in the application form.

For investors who have given demat account details, the Units will be credited to demat account after due verification and confirmation from NSDL/CDSL of the demat account details.

Units will be allotted in whole figure. Excess amount towards fractional units, if any, would be refunded to the investor. The face value per unit of all plans / options under the scheme is INR10/-.

During Continuous Offer Period, only Authorised Participants/ Market Makers / Large Investors can transact directly with the Fund. Other Investors may trade on the exchange.

A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds and their holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the investors in whose folios transactions have taken place during the month by email on or before the 12th day of the succeeding month and by physical means on or before the 15th day of the succeeding month.

The holding(s) of the beneficiary account holder for units held in demat mode will be shown in the statement issued by respective Depository Participants (DPs) periodically.

As the units of the Scheme will be issued, traded and settled compulsorily in dematerialized (electronic) form, the statement provided by the Depository Participant will be equivalent to the account statement. Note: Allotment of units will be done after deduction of applicable stamp duty and statutory charges, if any.

Refund

The Mutual Fund will refund the application money to applicants whose applications are found to be incomplete, invalid or have been rejected for any other reason whatsoever. Refund instruments will be processed within 5 business days of the closure of NFO period. In the event of delay beyond 5 business days, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest at 15% per annum or such other rate of interest as maybe prescribed from time to time.

The bank and / or collection charges, if any, will be borne by the applicant.

Refunds may be made through electronic modes such as RTGS, NEFT, IMPS, Direct Credits or through Cheques as applicable.

Who can invest - This is an indicative list, and investors should consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile

The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the units of the scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to the subscription of units of the Mutual Fund being permitted under relevant statutory regulations):

- Resident Indian adult individual either singly or jointly (not exceeding three)
- Minor through parent/lawful guardian
- Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, association of persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (so long as the subscription of units is permitted under their respective constitutions)
- Religious and Charitable Trusts under the provisions of Section 11(5)(xii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17C of Income-tax Rules, 1962
- Trustees of private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds.
- Partnership Firms
- Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta
- Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor
- Banks and Financial Institutions
- Non-resident Indians (NRI)/Persons of Indian Origin (PIO))/ Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) residing abroad on full repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis
- Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military funds
- Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations
- Other Mutual Funds/Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI
- Foreign Portfolio Investor subject to the applicable regulations
- International Multilateral Agencies approved by the Government of India
- Universities and Educational Institutions
- Any other category of investor so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with applicable SEBI Regulations/RBI, etc.

Every investor, depending on any of the above category under which he/she/it/ they fall are required to provide relevant documents along with the application form as may be prescribed by AMC.

All applicants should be KYC compliant with valid PAN (except for Micro investments / PAN exempt category). For complete details on KYC and PAN requirements refer SAI.

Subject to the regulations, any application for subscription of units may be accepted or rejected if found incomplete or due to unavailability of underlying securities, etc. For example, the Trustee may reject any application for the purchase of units if the application is invalid or incomplete or if, in its opinion, increasing the size of any or all of the Scheme's unit capital is not in the general interest of the investors, or if the Trustee for any other reason does not believe that it would be in the best interest of the scheme or its investors to accept such an application.

Who cannot invest

The following persons are not eligible to invest in the scheme and apply for subscription to the units of the Scheme:

1. Overseas Corporate Bodies, as defined under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.
2. Investor residing in any Financial Action Task Force (FATF) designated High Risk jurisdiction.

3. A person who is resident of Canada.
4. United States Person (U.S. person*) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America, except the following:
 - a. NRIs/PIOs may invest/transact, in the Scheme, when physically present in India, upon submission of such documents/ undertakings, etc., as may be stipulated by AMC/Trustee from time to time and subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
 - b. FPIs may invest in the Scheme through submission of physical form in India, subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and the terms, conditions, and documentation requirements stipulated by the AMC/Trustee from time to time and subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests received from such U.S. person on hold or reject the transaction request and redeem the units, if allotted, as the case may be, as and when identified by the Trustee / AMC that the same is not in compliance with the applicable laws and/or not fulfilled the terms and conditions stipulated by Trustee/AMC from time to time. Such redemptions will be subject to applicable taxes and exit load, if any.

The application form(s) for transactions (in non-demat mode) from such U.S. person will be accepted ONLY at the Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of JioBlackRock Asset Management Private Limited.

*The term “U.S. person” means any person that is a U.S. person within the meaning of Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc., as may be in force from time to time.

The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors who can invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, as applicable.

The AMC / Trustee shall not be liable for any loss or expenses incurred in respect of those transaction requests / allotted units which have been kept on hold or rejected or reversed.

The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same

Not applicable

Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered

The units of the Scheme held in the dematerialised form will be fully and freely transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 as may be amended from time to time and as stated in.

Please refer to the SAI and to the section ‘Listing and Transfer of Units’ above.

Restrictions on Redemptions of Units

The Fund shall at its sole discretion reserves the right to restrict redemption (including switch-out) of the units (including Plan / Option) of the scheme(s) of the fund on the occurrence of the below mentioned event for a period not exceeding ten (10) business days in any ninety (90) days period. The restriction on the redemption (including switch-out) shall be applicable where the redemption (including switch-out) request

is for a value above Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). Further, no restriction shall be applicable for the redemption / switch-out request up to Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). Further, in case of redemption request beyond Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs), no restriction shall be applicable for first Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs).

The restriction on redemption of the units of the scheme may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets. A list of such circumstances are as follows:

- Liquidity issues: when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
- Market failures, exchange closures: when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
- Operational issues: when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).
- If so directed by SEBI

Since the occurrence of the abovementioned eventualities have the ability to impact the overall market and liquidity situations, the same may result in exceptionally large number of Redemption being made and in such a situation the indicative timeline mentioned by the Fund in the scheme offering documents, for processing of request of Redemption may not be applicable.

Any restriction on redemption or suspend redemption of the units in the scheme(s) of the Fund shall be made applicable only after prior approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee Company and thereafter, immediately informing the same to SEBI.

For further details, please refer to the SAI.

Cut off timing for subscriptions / redemptions / switches – This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance

In case of Purchase / Redemption directly with Mutual Fund (By Market Makers/Authorized Participants and Large Investors):

Direct transaction with AMC shall be for investors only for transactions above Rs. 25 crore. The aforesaid threshold shall not be applicable for Market Makers/ Authorized Participants . All direct transactions in units of ETFs by Market Makers/Authorized Participants or other large investors (as mentioned above) with AMCs shall be at intra-day NAV based on the actual execution price of the underlying index (along with applicable charges). The requirement of “cut-off” timing shall not be applicable for direct transaction with AMCs in ETFs by Market Makers/Authorized Participants and other large investors.

Redemption of units directly with the Mutual Fund (other than Market Maker / Authorized Participants):

Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETFs, for transactions of upto Rs. 25 Crores without any exit load, in case of the following scenarios:

- i. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or
- ii. No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or

- iii. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of creation units size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

Under these circumstances, investors, as specified above, can redeem units of the Scheme directly with the fund house without any exit load. Applications received from investors for redemption up to 3.00 p.m. on any trading day, shall be processed at the closing NAV of the day. The above instances shall be tracked by the AMC on a continuous basis and in case if any of the above mentioned scenario arises, the same will be disclosed on the website of AMC.

Settlement of Purchase/Sale of Units of the Scheme on NSE/BSE:

Settlement of purchase/sale of Units of the Scheme on the NSE/BSE and/or any other stock exchange will be made in accordance with the procedure as may be prescribed by the stock exchange(s) from time to time.

Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non-maintenance

There is no minimum balance requirement.

Accounts statements

The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and / or SMS to the investor's registered email ID and / or mobile number within 5 business days of receipt of valid application / transaction and realization of funds towards purchase of units, whichever is later.

A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual fund schemes and their holdings at the end of the month shall be sent to the investors in whose folios transactions have taken place during the month by email on or before the 12th day of the succeeding month and by physical means on or before the 15th day of the succeeding month.

Half-yearly physical CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. April and October) on or before the 21st day of the succeeding month. e-CAS will be issued on or before the 18th day of the succeeding month to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable.

The investor may request for a physical account statement without any charge by writing to / calling the AMC / ISC / RTA. The Mutual Fund / AMC shall dispatch an account statement within 5 business days from the date of the receipt of request from the investor.

For further details, please refer to the SAI.

Dividend / IDCW

Not applicable.

The AMC may introduce further Plan/s and Option/s in future, subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Redemption

Redemption proceeds shall be transferred within 3 business days from the date of the redemption request. In case of delay beyond 3 business days, the AMC is liable to pay interest to the investors at the rate of 15% per annum.

However, in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide its communication no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEMCOR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023 read with clause 15.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the redemption or repurchase proceeds will be transferred to investors within the timeframe prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.

Bank Mandate

It is mandatory for the Investors to mention their bank account details in the applications. Investors are requested to provide the full particulars of their Bank Account i.e., Name, Account Number, 11-digit IFSC, branch address in the specified fields in the application form.

The AMC reserves the right to call for any additional documents as may be required, for processing of such transactions with missing / incomplete / invalid bank account details. The AMC also reserves the right to reject such applications.

For detailed information, please refer to the SAI.

Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds / dividend

Redemption shall be processed by the AMC within 3 (three) business days of the receipt of redemption request.

The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the investors at rate (currently 15% per annum) as specified vide clause 15.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, by SEBI for the period of such delay.

Investor may note that in case of exceptional circumstances prescribed by AMFI vide its communication no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEMCOR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023 read with clause 15.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the redemption or repurchase proceeds will be transferred to investors within the timeframe prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.

For further details, please refer to the SAI.

Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount

Unclaimed Redemptions are those amounts that are processed and released but not encashed by/credited to the bank account of the unitholders of the schemes of JioBlackRock Mutual Fund.

The list of name(s) and addresses of investors of the Fund in whose folios there are unclaimed redemption is available on the AMC's website (www.jioblackrockamc.com) and AMFI website – www.amfiindia.com. An investor can obtain details after providing his/her proper credentials (like PAN, date of birth etc.) along with other security controls. Further, the process for claiming the unclaimed redemption amounts, and necessary forms/documents required for the same are also made available on the AMC's and AMFI website.

Investors have to submit request to redeem unclaimed units. Investors can either submit 'Financial Transaction Form' OR simple request letter for claiming of unclaimed units at any of our OPAs. The form needs to be duly signed as per the mode of holding.

To process the claim, valid bank account details are required. Investors are requested to get the bank account updated in their folio prior submitting the claim request.

Please refer to SAI for details.

Disclosure w.r.t. investment by minors

Payment for investment by means of cheque, or any other mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian only, else the transaction is liable to get rejected. However, irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian.

For systematic transactions in a minor folio, AMC would register standing instructions till the date of the minor attaining majority OR till the end date of the Systematic plan, whichever is earlier.

Upon attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new bank account. All transactions / standing instructions / systematic transactions etc. will be suspended i.e. the Folio will be frozen for operation by the guardian from the date of beneficiary child completing 18 years of age, till the status of the minor is changed to major.

For more details, please refer to SAI.

Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs)

Incentives may be provided at the discretion of the AMC to Market Makers, subject to the applicable regulatory provisions.

Incentive structure may be linked to performance of the Market Makers in terms of generating liquidity in units of ETFs, bid-ask spread in units of ETFs, proximity of traded prices to iNAV and other relevant factors, based on the data obtained from stock exchanges.

Incentives, if any, shall be charged to the scheme within the maximum permissible limit of TER.

Currently, the AMC does not incentivize any Market Makers of the Scheme(s) of Jio BlackRock Mutual Fund. However, in the future depending upon the business or any other requirement will come out with the Incentive Scheme which would be within the maximum permissible limit of TER. Further, Stock Exchanges may also incentivize the Market Makers through Liquidity Enhancement Schemes (LES) as per the applicable provisions.

Functional website link to the respective addendums to the SID after the last update of SID-
www.jioblackrockamc.com/disclosure.

What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to the SEBI (MF) Regulations and amendments thereto and subject to the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme, following investment restrictions are applicable:

- The Fund under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid-up capital carrying voting rights or ten per cent of units of REITs issued by a single issuer, as the case may be. Provided that investment in asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by regulation 6(1)(a) of the Regulations.

- All investments by the Scheme in equity shares, equity related instruments and debt instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed; however, the mutual fund is permitted to invest in the following
 - unlisted Government Securities, money market instruments other than commercial papers and derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging and;
 - unlisted non-convertible debentures to the extent and in the manner as specified by SEBI.
- As per Reg. 41 (4) (b) of SEBI (MF) Regulations, pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, a mutual fund may invest them in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to Clause 13.7 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026.

a. The term 'short term' for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 calendar days.

b. Such deposits shall be held in the name of each Scheme.

c. Each Scheme shall not park more than 15% of its net assets in the short-term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, it may be raised to 20% with the prior approval of the Trustee. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.

d. Each Scheme shall not park more than 10% of its net assets in short term deposit(s) with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.

e. Trustees / AMC will ensure that no funds of a scheme is parked in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that scheme and the bank in which a scheme has short term deposit do not invest in that scheme until the scheme has short term deposit with such bank.

The above provisions do not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivative market.

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC.

The Scheme shall not invest more than:

a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or

b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or

c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the Scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit.

Note:

- i. The long-term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long-term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of CRAs between short term and long-term ratings, the most conservative long term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating.
- ii. Exposure to government money market instruments such as TREPS on G-Sec/ T-bills shall be treated as exposure to government securities.

Such limit shall also be applicable to mortgage backed securitized debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the SEBI.

Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in debt exchange traded funds, Government Securities, treasury bills and triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills.

Such limit is not applicable for investment in securitized debt (mortgage backed securities and asset backed securities), at the originator level.

Considering the nature of the Scheme, investments in such instruments will be permitted up to 5% of its net assets.

- Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable to debt instruments under para 13.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026.
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its net assets in unrated money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, etc subject to the following:
 - I. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 2026 and various Circulars issued thereunder.
 - II. Exposure of the Scheme in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme.
 - III. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.
 - IV. The single issuer limit and the group exposure limit shall be calculated at the issuing bank level as Bill Rediscounting Schemes (BRDS) are issued with recourse to the issuing bank.
- The Scheme being an Exchange Traded Fund, investment by the Scheme in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company shall be in accordance with the weightage of the scrips in Nifty 50 Index.
- The Scheme may invest in debt and money market scheme(s) under the AMC or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.
- The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Mutual Fund on account of the concerned scheme, except in respect of such securities as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time.

- The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
- The AMC can deploy the NFO proceeds in Tri-Party Repo on Government securities or Treasury Bills before the closure of NFO period. However, AMCs shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees on funds so deployed during the NFO period. The appreciation received from such investment shall be passed on to investors.
- The Scheme will not advance any loan for any purpose.
- The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Mutual Funds for the purpose of repurchase/ redemption of Units or payment of interest or Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal payout to the Investors or for settlement of trades by equity oriented index funds and equity oriented exchange traded funds on account of under execution of sell trades on the stock exchange in the manner as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. Such borrowings shall not exceed more than 20% of the net assets of the individual scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- No mutual fund Scheme shall make any investments in:
 - a. any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - b. any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor
- Investment in the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor by Equity oriented ETFs based on widely tracked and non-bespoke indices shall be in accordance with the weightage of the constituent of the underlying index, subject to an overall cap of 35% of NAV of the scheme, in the group companies of the sponsor.
- Conditions for undertaking repo in corporate debt securities: i. The gross exposure of the Scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities including Commercial Papers (CPs) and Certificate of Deposits (CDs) shall not be more than 5% of the net assets. ii. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, equity derivatives, debt and money market instruments, units of mutual fund, repo/ reverse repo transactions and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme as per Clause 13.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026.iii. The Scheme shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months. iv. The exposure limit/investment restrictions prescribed under the Sixth Schedule of the Regulations and circulars issued there under (wherever applicable) shall be applicable to repo transactions in corporate debt securities. v. Counterparty selection & credit rating:
The Scheme shall participate in repo transactions on following Corporate Debt securities; 1) listed AA and above rated corporate debt securities and 2) Commercial Papers (CPs) and Certificate of Deposits(CDs). • The Scheme shall ensure compliance with the Sixth Schedule of the Mutual Funds Regulations about restrictions on investments, wherever applicable, with respect to repo transactions in corporate debt securities including Commercial Papers(CPs) and Certificate of Deposits(CDs). However, for transactions where settlement is guaranteed by a Clearing Corporation, the exposure shall not be considered for the purpose of determination of investment limits for single issuer, group issuer and sector level limits.

- Securities in which investment shall be made for the purpose of ensuring liquidity (debt and money market instruments) are those that fall within the definition of liquid assets which includes Cash, Government Securities, T-bills and Repo on Government Securities.

Limits for investment in derivatives instruments

In accordance with Para 8.5 and 13.15 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026; the following conditions shall apply to the Scheme's participation in the derivatives market. The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the derivatives market will be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Trustees (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

- i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index options contracts
 - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in equity index option contracts, whichever is higher
 - b. This limit as prescribed by SEBI from time to time would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
- ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index futures/stock futures contracts:
 - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index futures/stock futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores; or
 - b. 15% of the total open interest in the market in equity index futures/stock futures contracts, whichever is higher,
 - c. This limit as prescribed by SEBI from time to time would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.
- iii. Additional position limit for hedging.

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.

Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

- iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts

The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of applicable MWPL.

- v. Position limit for the Scheme

The position limits for the Scheme and disclosure requirements are as follows—

For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of the Mutual Fund shall not exceed the higher of 1% of the free float market capitalization (in terms of number of shares).

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

This position limit shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.

For index-based contracts, the Mutual Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

Exposure Limits:

As per Para 13.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the limits for exposure towards derivatives are as under:

1. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, equity derivatives, debt and money market instruments, units of mutual fund, repo/ reverse repo transactions and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the SEBI from time to time, subject to regulatory approvals if any, shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme as per Clause 13.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026.
2. Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
3. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
4. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
5. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above-mentioned limits subject to the following:
 - a. Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
 - b. Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point 1.
 - c. Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
 - d. The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
6. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point 1.
7. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Option bought	Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts

As and when SEBI notifies amended limits in position limits for exchange traded derivative contracts in future, the aforesaid position limits, to the extent relevant, shall be read as if they were substituted with the SEBI amended limits.

Apart from the above investment restrictions, the Scheme follows certain internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to scrips, sectors etc, within the above-mentioned restrictions, and these are subject to review from time to time.

The Scheme will comply with SEBI regulations and any other regulations applicable to the investments of Funds from time to time.

The Trustee may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the regulations may allow. All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

What are the investment strategies?

The Scheme is passively managed fund employing an investment strategy that seeks to generate returns that are commensurate with the performance of the Nifty 50 Index, subject to tracking errors. The Scheme seeks to achieve this goal by investing in the securities constituting the Nifty 50 Index in the same proportion as in the Index.

The Scheme will mainly invest in securities comprising the underlying index. However, due to changes in the underlying index, the scheme may temporarily hold securities not included in the index. For instance, the portfolio may contain securities not part of the underlying index due to reconstitution, addition, deletion, etc. These investments outside the underlying index will be rebalanced within 7 calendar days.

A part of the fund's corpus may be invested in instruments like Debt securities and Money Market Instruments, units of mutual fund. Such investments will be as per the limits in the asset allocation table of the Scheme, subject to permissible limits specified under SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Risk Control

The Scheme aims to track the Nifty 50 Index before expenses. The index will be monitored regularly, and any changes to the constituents or their weights will be replicated in the scheme's portfolio to minimize tracking errors.

Being a passive investment, the Scheme carries less risk compared to active fund management. The portfolio will follow the index, resulting in stock concentration and volatility levels similar to those of the index, subject to tracking errors. Consequently, there will be minimal additional volatility and stock concentration due to fund manager decisions. The fund manager will aim to keep cash levels minimal to control tracking errors.

The Risk Mitigation strategy focuses on reducing tracking error through regular portfolio rebalancing, considering changes in the weights of stocks in the underlying index and the incremental inflows into/redemptions from the Scheme.

While these strategies are expected to mitigate risk to a major extent, the AMC provides no assurance that these risks will be completely eliminated.

Derivatives Strategy

The Scheme may take exposure to derivative instruments on underlying index (stock/ index futures) for short durations when the underlying securities are unavailable, insufficient, or when rebalancing is required due to changes in the index or due to corporate actions, as permitted by SEBI/RBI regulations. Such exposure to derivatives will be rebalanced within seven calendar days. Any such exposure taken will align with the investment objective and overall strategy of the Scheme.

Derivative products are leveraged instruments that can yield disproportionate gains or losses. Execution of such strategies depends on the fund manager's ability to identify opportunities. The identification and execution of strategies involve uncertainty, and the fund manager's decisions may not always be profitable. The AMC gives no assurance that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with derivatives are different from, and possibly greater than, those associated with direct investments in securities and other traditional investments.

Portfolio Turnover

As the Scheme will follow a passive investment strategy the endeavor will be to minimize portfolio turnover subject to the exigencies and needs of the scheme. Generally, as the scheme is open-ended, turnover will be confined to rebalancing of portfolio on account of new subscriptions, redemptions and change in the composition of the Nifty 50 Index. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

A higher churning of the portfolio could attract high transactions of the nature of brokerage, custody charges etc.

Who manages the scheme?

Name of the Fund Manager & Age	Educational Qualification	Brief Experience (last 10 years)	Other schemes under his/her management
Ms. Tanvi Kacheria Age: 36 Years (Managing the Scheme since inception.) Tenure of managing the Scheme: Since inception	• CFA Charter Holder from Chartered Financial Analyst Institute. • BA in Biological Sciences with minor in Business Administration from University of Southern California.	• JioBlackRock Asset Management Private Limited (Fund Management) - December 01, 2024 - Present. • Jio Financial Services Limited (Special Projects) – April 10, 2024 – November 30, 2024. • BlackRock Financial Management Inc. (Portfolio Management) – July 3, 2017 – August 26, 2023. • Los Angeles Capital Management	• JioBlackRock Nifty 50 Index Fund • JioBlackRock Nifty Smallcap 250 Index Fund • JioBlackRock Nifty Next 50 Index Fund • JioBlackRock Nifty Midcap 150 Index Fund • JioBlackRock Flexi Cap Fund • JioBlackRock Sector

Name of the Fund Manager & Age	Educational Qualification	Brief Experience (last 10 years)	Other schemes under his/her management
		(Quantitative Institutional Asset Manager) – July 20, 2011 – June 15, 2017.	Rotation Fund • JioBlackRock Large Cap Fund
Mr. Anand Shah Age: 47 Years (Managing the Scheme since inception.) Tenure of managing the Scheme: Since inception	- PGDBA from K.C. College of Management Studies - Bachelor in Commerce from Mumbai University	- JioBlackRock Asset Management Private Limited - December 01, 2024. - Jio Financial Services Limited (Special Projects) – June 03, 2024 – November 30, 2024. - Aditya Birla Sun Life Insurance Company Limited (Chief Manager - Investment) – June 06, 2018 – May 29, 2024. - BOI AXA Investment Managers Pvt Ltd. (Equity Dealer) – November 17, 2015 – June 01, 2018. - Zyfin Capital Advisors Pvt Ltd (Product Manager – Equity) – June 01, 2013 – November 16, 2015. - Daiwa Asset Management (India) Pvt Ltd. (Equity Dealer) – October 01, 2008 – June 26, 2013.	- JioBlackRock Nifty 50 Index Fund - JioBlackRock Nifty Midcap 150 Index Fund - JioBlackRock Nifty Next 50 Index Fund - JioBlackRock Nifty Smallcap Index Fund - JioBlackRock Arbitrage Fund
Mr. Haresh Mehta Age: 41 Years (Managing the Scheme since inception.) Tenure of managing the Scheme: Since inception	- Masters in business administration from SMU (Sikkim Manipal University) in the year 2017. - B.Com from Mumbai University in the year 2009. - CFA Level 1 in the year 2019.	- JioBlackRock Asset Management Private Limited - May 05, 2025. - Bajaj Finserv Asset Management Limited - December 9, 2024 - April 25, 2025. - Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited - September 16, 2022 - November 26, 2024. - Baroda BNP Paribas Asset Management India	- JioBlackRock Nifty 50 Index Fund - JioBlackRock Nifty Midcap 150 Index Fund - JioBlackRock Nifty Next 50 Index Fund - JioBlackRock Nifty Smallcap Index Fund - JioBlackRock Arbitrage Fund

Name of the Fund Manager & Age	Educational Qualification	Brief Experience (last 10 years)	Other schemes under his/her management
		Private Limited - June 18, 2018, to August 31, 2022. First Global Stock Broking Private Limited - April 20, 2007 to June 15, 2018.	

Where will the Scheme Invest?

The corpus of the Scheme shall be invested in accordance with the investment objective in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- Equity and Equity related instruments belonging to Nifty 50 Index.
- Debt and Money Market Instruments, including Commercial Paper, Commercial Bills, Certificates of Deposit, Treasury Bills, Bills Rediscounting, Triparty Repo, Repo/ Reverse repo in corporate debt securities and government securities, Government securities with an unexpired maturity of less than 1 year, Call or notice money, Usance Bills, and any other short-term instruments allowed under current Regulations.
- Units of Mutual Funds.
- Equity Derivatives.
- Short Term Deposits.
- Cash and Cash equivalents.
- Any other instruments permitted by SEBI/ RBI from time to time, subject to requisite approvals, if any.

The fund manager reserves the right to invest in any other securities that may be permitted from time to time and that align with the Scheme's investment objectives. Any change in the asset allocation affecting the investment profile of the Scheme will be effected only in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations.

Subject to the Regulations, the securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured and of varying maturity. The securities may be acquired through public offer, secondary market operations, private placement, rights issue or negotiated deals. Further, the Scheme intend to participate in securities lending as permitted under the Regulations.

Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Clause 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026:

- Type of a scheme:** An open-ended scheme replicating / tracking the Nifty 50 Index.
- Investment Objective:** Passive investment in equity and equity related securities replicating the composition of Nifty 50 Index, subject to tracking errors.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved..

(iii) Terms of Issue

- **Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption:**

For details on listing, repurchase, redemption, please refer section 'Other Scheme Specific Disclosures'.

- **Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme:**

For details, kindly refer to section on "Breakup of Annual Scheme Recurring expenses."

- **Any safety net or guarantee provided:**

This scheme is not a guaranteed or an assured return scheme.

In accordance with Regulation 22(9)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Paragraph 1.9.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds for Mutual Funds dated March 20, 2026, the Trustees and AMC shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Investors is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication (including digital modes such as email/sms etc.) about the proposed change is sent to each unit holder and details, as specified by the SEBI, are appropriately displayed on the website of the AMC; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of at least 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.